Year Group and Key		Autumn		Spring		Summer	
Theme		Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
		Greek Myths	Antigone	Abrahamic Tales	Beowulf/ *content coverage is the same	A Wrinkle	in Time
Year 7	Heroes	 → heroes are often brave → tyrants are immoral → over-reaching is often punished 	 → heroes can be rash and hubristic, which causes their downfall → heroes make sacrifices for what they believe in → heroes sometimes have to be defiant and forthright + heroes are often brave + tyrants are immoral + over-reaching is often punished 	 → the innocent can be corrupted → ostracising leads to suffering → those who seem vulnerable can also be potent + over-reaching is often punished + tyrants are immoral + heroes make sacrifices for what they believe in + heroes sometimes have to be defiant and forthright 	 → the ostracised often want vengeance → society often wants stability → the deaths of heroes are lamented + heroes make sacrifices for what they believe in + heroes sometimes have to be defiant and forthright + ostracising leads to suffering + heroes can be rash and hubristic which causes their downfall 	 → characters can find it difficult to compr → unconventional characters are often m → there is often pressure to conform to c + heroes make sacrifices for what they be + heroes can be rash and hubristic, which + heroes sometimes have to be defiant a + ostracising leads to suffering + heroes are often brave + those who seem vulnerable can also be 	nade to feel inadequate conventional ways of thinking elieve in h causes their downfall and forthright
Year 8	Conflict	Romeo ar conflict is pervasive and inevitable subversion and defiance are often pu patriarchal societies are oppressive heroes can be rash and hubristic, which heroes sometimes have to be defiant those who seem vulnerable can also be over-reaching is often punished the deaths of heroes are lamented there is often pressure to conform to	nished ch causes their downfall and forthright be potent	William Blake/ Binit Okorafor, Nnedi and *content coverage is the same → we should have reverence for nature because it is sublime → the innocence of children should be preserved → literature often challenges oppression + tyrants are immoral + there is often pressure to conform to conventional ways of thinking + characters can find it difficult to comprehend unconventional ideas	The Rime of the Ancient Mariner → characters often have to do penance for their sins → the supernatural can be both enchanting and repulsive → characters often want to find both a sanctuary and salvation + we should have reverence for nature because it is sublime + conflict is pervasive and inevitable + heroes can be rash, which causes their downfall	Things Fall Apart → characters are often destabilised by a lack of connection to their identity → colonialism is oppressive and immoral → stereotypes of both masculinity and femininity are harmful + conflict is pervasive and inevitable + subversion and defiance are often punished + patriarchal societies are oppressive + literature often challenges oppression + ostracising leads to suffering + heroes make sacrifices for what they believe in + heroes can be rash and hubristic, which causes their downfall + heroes sometimes have to be defiant and forthright + those who seem vulnerable can also be potent	
Year 9	Rebellion	Othello characters who are susceptible to corruption are often credulous malevolence and malignity are sometimes motiveless manipulation can destabilise the mind conflict is pervasive and inevitable subversion and defiance are often punished patriarchal societies are oppressive characters often have to do penance for their sins characters often want to find both a sanctuary and a salvation stereotypes of both masculinity and femininity are harmful heroes can be rash, which causes their downfall heroes sometimes have to be defiant and forthright heroes make sacrifices for what they believe in the deaths of heroes are lamented		Harlem Renaissance Poetry → literature can be used to encourage readers to mobilise against oppressors → writers often use their writing to elevate people or ideas → a lack of autonomy is dehumanising + subversion and defiance are often punished + patriarchal societies are oppressive + characters often want to find both a sanctuary and a salvation + stereotypes of both masculinity and femininity are harmful + there is often pressure to conform to conventional ways of thinking + society often wants stability	Zora Neale Hurston → masculinity is often conflated with aggression and possessiveness → policing expectations of masculinity is dangerous → being dispassionate and indifferent to suffering is immoral + a lack of autonomy is dehumanising + malevolence and malignity are sometime motiveless + manipulation can destabilise the mind + subversion and defiance are often punished + characters often have to do penance for their sins + characters often want to find both a sanctuary and a salvation + there is often pressure to conform to conventional ways of thinking + the ostracised often want vengeance	+ characters can find it difficult to comprove Anita and Anita and → rebellion and callousness can seem bot → characters often feel pressure to confor → pressure to conform can lead to duality + manipulation can destabilise the mind + characters who are often susceptible to the subversion and defiance are often pund + characters often want to find both a sate + characters are often destabilised by all + unconventional characters are often mental + there is often pressure to conform to conform to conform to conform to conform the conform the conformation to conform the conformation to conform the conformation to conformation the conformation to conformation the conformation that the con	the enchanting and repulsive orm to expectations of corruption are often credulous ished anctuary and salvation lack of connection to their identity made to feel inadequate conventional ways of thinking elieve in and forthright

		Year Group	Autumn	Spring	Summer
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		Macbeth	Jekyll and Hyde	An Inspector Calls	
Year 10	Stability and Instability Stability and Instability In		 → the duality of mankind is inevitable and inescapable → the status quo can be both oppressive and destabilising → the social hierarchy creates inequality + the supernatural is powerful and can bring instability + being dispassionate and indifferent to suffering is immoral + literature can be used to encourage readers to mobilise against oppressors + characters often have to do penance for their sins + the supernatural can be both enchanting and repulsive + literature often challenges oppression + the ostracised often want vengeance + the deaths of heroes are lamented + ostracising leads to suffering + the innocent can often be corrupted + tyrants are immoral + over-reaching is often punished + those who seem vulnerable can also be potent 	 → collectivism is superior to individualism → the preservation of the status quo benefits the bourgeoisie → disruption of the status quo leads to social and political progress + avaricious dogmas must be destabilised + misanthropy is immoral and should be challenge + the social hierarchy creates inequality + the supernatural is powerful and brings instability + characters can often feel pressure to conform to expectations + being dispassionate and indifferent to suffering is immoral + literature can be used to encourage readers to mobilise against oppressors + a lack of autonomy is dehumanising + stereotypes of both masculinity and femininity are harmful + characters often have to do penance for their sins + the supernatural can be both enchanting and repulsive + literature often challenges oppression + there is often pressure to conform to conventional ways of thinking + ostracising leads to suffering + those who seem vulnerable can also be potent 	
Year 11	Power and Conflict	Power and Conflict Poetry → monolithic and oppressive institutions should be challenged → conflict is psychologically destabilising → we must understand and embrace humans' transience and nature's omnipotence + the social hierarchy creates inequality + transgression and subversion of the status quo is often punished + characters often feel pressure to conform to expectations + masculinity is often conflated with aggression and possessiveness + being dispassionate and indifferent to suffering is immoral + literature can be used to encourage readers to mobilise against oppressors + writers often use their writing to elevate people or ideas + manipulation can destabilise the mind + colonialism is oppressive and immoral + stereotypes of both masculinity and femininity are harmful + characters often want to find both a sanctuary and salvation + we should have reverence for nature because it is sublime + the innocence of children should be preserved + literature often challenges oppression + patriarchal societies are oppressive + the deaths of heroes are lamented + ostracising leads to suffering + tyrants are immoral + over-reaching is often punished	Revision Concerns/ Gaps Unseen Poetry English Language Comparative skills Transitioning groups — Y9 into Y10 — Poetry and comparison		

Formatting Notes:

Font colours correspond to Year Group from which the Key Concept is taken:

Year 7

Year 8

Year 9

Year 10

Year 11

Bullet points:

- $\,\,
 ightarrow\,\,$ this is a key concept learned first in this specific unit
- + this is a key concept from a previous unit that is connected to this specific unit