

| Plot Summary | Who loves Whom | Characters |
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| Act 1: Hermia and Lysander love each other but are not allowed to marry so decide to run away to the forest to get married in secret. Demetrius wants to marry Hermia . Helena loves Demetrius . They follow Hermia and Lysander into the forest. | | Theseus The duke of Athens. He is a strong and strict ruler of the city. Hippolyta Theseus's bride. She was a fearless warrior. |
| Act 2: In the forest, Oberon and Titania are arguing. Oberon sees Demetrius and Helena arguing and commands Puck to use the potion on the Athenian man to make him fall in love with Helena . However, the first Athenian man Puck sees is Lysander , so he puts the love potion on him. Lysander falls madly in love with Helena . | | Egeus Hermia's stubborn father who wants her to marry Demetrius or be put to death. Hermia Egeus's daughter who is in love with Lysander. |
| Act 3: Puck sees Bottom in the forest and transformed his head into a donkey's head. He puts the love potion on Titania, who falls in love with Bottom. Puck puts the love potion on Demetrius so that he falls in love with Helena . As a result, both men love Helena so there is chaos. Puck eventually drops a herb in Lysander's eyes to put him back to normal. | | Lysander He is in love with Hermia and runs away to the forest with her. |
| Acts 4 and 5: Oberon finds Titania and Bottom and decides that he has had enough fun. Puck drops a herb in her eyes, she wakes and leaves with Oberon. The lovers return to Athens where Bottom and the other actors perform their play at the wedding of the three happy couples: Theseus and Hippolyta, Lysander and Hermia and Demetrius and Helena . | | Demetrius He wants to marry Hermia and is disgusted by Helena's love for him. Helena Hermia's friend who is desperately in love with Demetrius. |
| The Love Potion | | |

| Background Information | Key words |
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| Shakespeare went to a grammar school where he was taught Ancient Greek. | soliloquy - a speech in a play that the character speaks to himself or herself or to the audience, rather than to the other characters |
| The play is set in Ancient Greece and follows the rules of a comedy from Ancient Greece. | severe - very strict or harsh |
| When the play was written, Elizabeth 1 st was Queen. She decided not to get married which many people disagreed with. | conflict - a serious disagreement, battle or struggle between two sides or ideas. |
| Many Elizabethans believed in and feared magic. | unrequited love - If a person loves someone who doesn't love them back, the person's love is unrequited |
| Cupid is the ancient god of love. He is usually presented as a baby whose arrows make people fall in love. | to mock - To mock someone is to make fun of them |
| | chaos - a situation where there is no order and everyone is confused |
| | to resolve - to solve a problem or difficulty |

'A Midsummer Night's Dream': Knowledge Organiser